

The latest mails from South Africa bring us the news that there numerous claimants for the great eighty-two carat diamond recently found and valued at £30,000. Eighty persons declare that in December last they negotiated a secret arrangement with Waterboer, chief of the Grienas tribe. He transferred to them all his claims. They assert that the diamond referred to was found in Waterboer's country, and have procured an interdict on the gem in the Supreme Court until their claims were settled. The owners of the diamond assert that it was found on British territory at Loith. The *Friend of the Free State* is responsible for the story that the diamond was not found in either of those places, but has been in possession of the Kafir or Hottentot doctor (from whom it was obtained by Niekerk), for the last ten or twelve years, and by whom it has, during that time, been constantly used as a talisman, or for purposes of Kafir witchcraft. There were twenty more diamonds recently found in the hands of different persons at Cape Town. However, when it became known that the above interdict was served, not a single individual could be found to own that he had one. The correspondent of *The Graff Reinert Herald* writes there are reports of another diamond larger than the eighty-two and a half carat one having been found in South Africa. The offer of justice to Ireland is a ready producing its natural effect. The Orangemen are marching about Ulster in huge armed bodies, and threaten demonstrations for July so serious that Mr. Chichester Fortescue promises watchfulness, and if necessary repression. The Catholics however, take no umbrage, and their best organ, the *Dublin Evening Post*, exhorts them to take none, even in July, but to abstain from all interference, not out of contempt, but out of good-humor and forbearing friendliness for brother Irishmen. Marshal Serrano has taken the oath as Regent of Spain, and has appointed General Prim Premier and Minister of War. General Prim tells the Cortes he shall suppress disorder with firmness, 'aye, even with cruelty,' and will make any economies but such as are sure to be unproductive. Moreover, the State must obtain 'pennies which do not cost other pennies to get.' That is interpreted to mean that the Government will propose new taxes instead of further loans, but it may also mean that it will increase existing taxes. The *Spectator* says it seems that the prosecution of the defendant in the Overend Gurney case is likely to fall through. The prosecutor, Dr. Thom, being already a heavy loser, is unwilling or unable to expend more money, and applied to the Treasury to carry on the case. The Treasury refused. Dr. Thom then requested the Court of Queen's Bench to let him prosecute in person; but the Court declined, dreadfully, no doubt, the middle into which lay prosecutors are apt to bring their cases. Dr. Thom, therefore, who in fact represents the public in the matter, will be compelled either to drop the prosecution, or continue it languidly and unwillingly. The argument of the Treasury doubtless is, that if Government prosecutes in this case it ought to prosecute in every other in which a private prosecutor fails; but "my Lord" forget that national misfortunes justify even Parliamentary inquiry followed this failure, and were, it is believed, produced by it. Thorough investigation becomes, therefore, of national, and not merely of private importance. A meeting was held lately in London under the presidency of the Prince of Wales, to concert measures for doing honor to the memory of the greatest scientific man of this generation—the late Dr. Faraday. It was decided to open a subscription list, no subscription to exceed five guineas, and to appoint a committee to consider the best mode of effecting this purpose, which is likely, it is said, to assume the form of a monument in St. Paul's Cathedral. The chief feature of the meeting was a very touching and eloquent tribute to Faraday's memory by a distinguished French chemist, M. Dumas, who seems to have spoken as eloquent English as if he had been born in England. The Emperor Napoleon on June 24th addressed such of the soldiers at Chalons as had served in the Italian war. He bade them "keep always in their hearts the remembrance of their battles," for the "history of French wars is the history of the progress of civilization." The "military spirit is the triumph of noble over vulgar passions." "Fidelity to the standard is devotion to one's country." "Continue as in the past, and you will maintain that military spirit so necessary for a great people." Considering that this speech is made ten years after the Italian war, that no incident has given rise to it, and that nothing calls for a display of the military spirit, its tone cannot be deemed "eminently pacific." The silk manufacturers of Coventry have petitioned Parliament for relief. They want a customs duty imposed upon foreign manu-

factured silks, to protect the home-made fabric. A commission was appointed to examine into the existing scale, not, as might be supposed, with a view to granting the prayer, but as Mr. Bright said, to knock off the duties on other articles, if found advisable. The *London Times* lately had to publish an editorial to a notice of a religious ceremony saying that the word "malefactors" should have been "male actors."

The death of the *British Columbian* ought to convince even the most obtuse or prejudiced person that Victoria is unable to support two daily newspapers. We experience no feeling of exultation in chronicling the demise of our cotemporary. On the contrary, we should be glad were the city in a sufficiently prosperous state to support half-a-dozen journals. Backed by ability, money and influential friends, our cotemporary, after an existence of a little over four months, has shared the fate that many journals have met before him in this Colony. Prior to the *Columbian* removing to Victoria we ventured to predict for it a financial failure; this prediction was accepted as evidence on our part of a desire to "frighten off opposition," and we have since held our peace and patiently abided the issue. We do not think that the friends and supporters of the *Columbian* can be taxed with insincerity. They were misled by highly-colored and erroneous reports concerning the profits of the printing business, and have themselves suffered financially for their credulity. It might be advisable in the future, however, if, before counselling any person to embark in a similar enterprise, people were to inquire more closely into the truth of idle stories that may from time to time claim their attention. What prudent business man would himself engage in any enterprise without first carefully weighing his prospects? And how much more careful ought he to be in proffering to another advice based upon idle or malicious rumor—particularly when the person advised, in the event of failure, would involve not only himself but those dependent upon him in ruin?

The law is supposed never to be vindictive, and its machinery is put in motion against malefactors to furnish an example that will deter others from the commission of crime. It is folly for men to cry out against the public execution of Indian criminals. Example is everything, and the greater the number of natives assembled to witness the execution the greater the security that can be guaranteed our settlers. Seeing I believe with an Indian. Build the jail fences high and exclude every native from witnessing executions, and the moral effect of the example would be lost on the tribes, because they could never be brought to believe that their friend was not still alive. We hang a man because we wish to exert a wholesome moral influence upon the living.

British America.
[from the New York Tribune.]

There are unreckoned possibilities in the immense territory north of us. Viewing this fact the Governor of Canada made a remarkable speech the other day on the Union of British America. Lord Bury, in Parliament, not long ago, said that the navigation of British America needed improvement but in three places in order that a ship might be taken from England to the foot of the Rocky Mountains. Other Englishmen have been speculative enough to agree with the noble lord that the future communication between England and India, China and Japan, would be by way of Canada, the Rocky Mountains and Fraser River. It is in accord with this prediction that a scheme provoked by the completion of our inter-oceanic highway has been revived in England. As far back as 1850 this scheme proposed "to extend the broad belt of England in the temperate zone round the world," by a railroad through Canada, the Red River settlement and the Hudson Bay hunting grounds, to the Pacific, a route calculated to be 1500 miles shorter than our own, and in the judgment of its advocates, more practicable and less costly. This British-American highway to the sea would open up a new intermediate country which, it is said, comprises some of the most fertile tracts in the world, and have its Pacific terminus in the natural and admirable harbor at Vancouver's Island. Projects of emigration, and of the utilization of convicts have been associated with this prospectus, and by those who see most in it, it is held that British America, what with its broad water-courses, its fertile acres, and its great railroad, has in itself the elements of vast enterprise. Therefore many Englishmen object to the guarantee by England of the \$1,500,000 with which Canada is to purchase the territories of the Hudson Bay Company. They believe that Canada can well trust to her exhaustless future, rather than borrow from the mother country anything but its population. The purchase money secures all but a comparatively small reserve of the great hunting grounds, and yields up to immigration and labor what before was jealously kept as a preserve for wild beasts.

New Advertisements.

A CARD.

Mr. Euron, I have read in the *Colonist* a report of the proceedings of the Town Council in which I observed that a person calling himself T. Ragazzoni had laid a complaint in reference to the letting of small houses by me to Indian women of easy virtue, of which, no doubt, he has had ample proof by personal inspection. I am at a loss to understand why he has chosen me from amongst so many other property-owners in Victoria, who have smaller property and let it just as I do; that is, without demanding a certificate as to the character of life led by the would-be tenant before applying for a house. The virtuous gentleman who laid the complaint above alluded to, is not, I presume, in the habit of requiring such information from persons buying drugs from him, of a certain description. I have lived in this city eleven years, and I own from 70 to 80 little tenements which were formerly all occupied, whereas at present not more than three or four of them are let at very low rents; the present, I conceive is hardly a proper occasion for the exercise of an excess of fastidiousness, which the highly sanctified complaint has suggested. In making agreements for these little houses, I always take a printed agreement signed by the tenant, binding him or her not to permit persons of improper character to remain on the premises, and this is all that lies in my power to do. The Mayor, on hearing the complaint, stated that a new law was about to be enforced by which Indians (except in service) would be compelled to live on the Reserve. I have only to say that such a law would be equally evaded with the Indian Liquor Law.

H. PASSERARD.
Jy26

FOR SAN FRANCISCO.

THE SCHOONER

H. M. HUTCHINSON

Will have immediate dispatch for San Francisco. Will take a few cabin passengers, and freight if offered. Sailors wanted for the voyage. For further particulars, apply to BOZCOWITZ, Yates street.

Jy26

AUCTION.

Janion Rhodes & Co.

WILL SELL

ON THE PREMISES

Friday, July 30, 1869,

AT ELEVEN O'CLOCK A.M.

To close Consignments, a varied assortment of

MERCHANDISE!!

Consisting in part of

Oilman's Stores, Soaps, Butcher's Knives, Hearth Brushes & Brooms, Washing Powder, Eau de Cologne, Oil Balze, Washing Blue, Biscuits, Twine, &c., &c.

Liquors.

200 cs Sherry, various brands
50 cs Brandy
24 cs Old Brandy
8 cs Champagne
8 cs Moselle
50 cs Port Wine, Page & Sandeman, &c., &c.

Previous to Sale will be sold on the Wharf, for account of whom it may concern,

7 Collis Manilla Cordage, as is
19 Plates, 3-8 in. Boiler Iron
2 " 1-8 " "

GODFREY BROWN,
Jy26 Auctioneer.

Fraser River Salmon!

SALMON BELLIES, - - \$16 per Barrel
" " " " \$8 per hif-bbl
SALMON, - - - \$5 75 per Barrel

PUT UP BY
FREDK. KAY & CO.,
Jy23 New Westminster, B. C.

MONEY TO LOAN
AT LOW RATES, ON FIRST CLASS
HOUSES TO LET.
TOWN AND COUNTRY PROPERTIES
for Sale or to Let.

T. ALISON,
Jy26 6m* Government street, near Broughton.

TWIN OAK FARM

TO BE LET OR LEASED.

THIS WELL KNOWN & PRODUCTIVE tract of land in the vicinity of Victoria, situated about 1 1/2 miles from town, is offered to let or lease. The Farm contains about 120 acres, more or less of which about 40 acres are under cultivation and bearing a good crop of barley, oats, peas and timothy. There are two dwelling houses, commodious barns, stables and out-houses. A good Orchard of various fruit trees adjoins the house.

This desirable property will be let, with this year's crop thereon, for a term of years, at a reasonable rate, with the privilege of purchase during the term of the lease.

The Farming Implements complete, a yoke of Oxen, Team, &c., can be bought at private sale if desired.

For particulars, inquire of
L. L. LOWENBERG,
Jy23 Government st.

Fairfield Academy.

BOARDING AND DAY SCHOOL FOR YOUNG LADIES.

MADAME PERREAU informs HER PUPILS that the Studies will be resumed on THURSDAY NEXT, the 8th of July inst. Jy14 2m2p

To Farmers Liquor Dealers and others.

150 SUPERIOR BUTTER BARRELS, Assorted sizes, and a lot of Liquor Kegs for Sale at

Murphy's Cooperage,
Jy20 1m* At the lower end of Johnson Street near the Wharf.

TO LEASE.

THE TWO FINE NEW BRICK STORES with iron fronts and stone basements, corner of Government and Fort streets, will be ready for occupation on or about the 1st of August. For Particulars, apply to
THOS. C. NUTTALL, Agent
Insurance and General Agent
Government street


Jy15

New Advertisements.

NOTICE

In the matter of the Estate of John Seymour Titchomb, deceased intestate.

ALL PERSONS WHO ARE INDEBTED TO the above Estate are required to pay forthwith the amounts due; and all persons who have any claims against the above Estate are required to send in their accounts on or before the 23d August, 1869, to
RICHARD WOODS,
Official Administrator.
Registrar's Office, Supreme Court. Jy24



TENDERS REQUIRED FOR THE SUPPLY to H. M. Navy of 3000 pounds of LEAF TOBACCO. Sample can be seen, and all particulars as to time of Delivery, &c., can be obtained at the office of the Paymaster in charge of H. M. Naval Yard, on or before Monday, the 26th July, between the hours of 9 and 11 a.m. No tender will be received after Wednesday the 28th July. The lowest Tender not necessarily accepted.

S. J. SPARK,
Paymaster in Charge.
H. M. Naval Yard, Esquimalt, July 23, 1869. Jy24id

CROPS FOR SALE.

About Eleven Tons of excellent
OAT HAY!

Within 1 1/2 miles from Town, on a good road. If not disposed of by private contract, it will be sold by AUCTION shortly in lots to suit Purchasers.

LUMLEY FRANKLIN,
Auctioneer, Yates street.
Jy23

Notice of Dissolution of Copartnership

THIS PARTNERSHIP HITHERTO existing between us, the undersigned James Strachan and James Mady, carrying on business at the Ship Inn, Wharf street, and the Market Exchange, Fort street, Victoria, as Wine and Spirit Dealers and Hotel keepers, is hereby dissolved as and from the 6th day of June last from which time the business of the Ship Inn was taken by James Strachan and the business at the Market Exchange by James Mady. All debts due to the Ship Inn are to be paid to James Strachan, and all debts due to the Market Exchange are to be paid to James Mady, and the business of the said firm will in future be conducted by James Strachan at the Ship Inn, and by James Mady at the Market Exchange, on their sole responsibility.

Dated this 22d day of July, 1869.
(Signed) JAMES STRACHAN,
JAMES MADY.

Witness—HONOURABLE BISHOP, Solicitor, Victoria. Jy23

WANTED,

ONE OR TWO ADDITIONAL FARM Hands during harvest.

J. D. PEMBERTON,
Jy26 1m Farm Cottage, Victoria District

HENRY NATHAN Jr & Co

OFFER FOR SALE,

EX RECENT ARRIVALS.

Prints, D. Rk, Fancy and Light
Grey Cotton,
French Merino, Alpaca, Coburgs
Camlets, Poplins, Plaids, &c,
Mohair Skirts; Irish Linen and Rod
Flannel
Jackets, Mantels, Parasols, Chintz
Oiled Silk, Ribbons, Threads
&c., &c.

Shawls

Wool, Tasmania, Saxony, &c., &c.

Blankets

9-4 & 10-4, White.

500 Boxes Price's Belmont Square
candles
ardines, Albert's, hifs & qrs
Pickles, pts
Figs, large and small boxes
Currants, Sultanias, Raisins
Vinegar, Malt
Meats and Soups
Sal Soda
Grain Sacks, 2-bushel, Twine, Seam-
ing and assorted
Chollett's compressed Vegetables
Beans, &c., &c.

ANCHORS with Test Certificates
CHAINS with Test Certificates
SHEET LEAD, 4lb & 5lb
SHOT, BALL and Brass Wire
YELLOW METAL SHEATHING & NAILS
TIN PLATE, IX, Charcoal
Hemp & cotton seine Twine
Barbour's shoe Thread No 10,
Bleached
Fish Lines, Hooks, &c.

Trousers, Pilot, Doe, Ribbed and ain
Pewee, Black Cloth, Moleskins, &c.,
Vests, Black Cloth and Pilot
Hats, Hosiery, Regatta Shirts,
White do
Black & Red Cloth
Baltic Shirts, with and without Collars,
Over do., Serge do.
Inverness Capes, assorted
Boys' Suits, a large assortment
Neckties, Umbrellas, Hdkfs, &c.
Hennessey Brandy
Jamaica Rum 30 O. P.
Port, Hunt's
Sherry, Duff Gordon's
Old Tom, Swaine, Board & Co.'s, case
and bulk.
Gin, Hollide, Red and Green, case and
bulk
Orange Bitters, Scotch Whiske
AND

GROCERIES

A Full Assortment.

HENRY NATHAN, Jr. & Co.
Jy17 Wharf Street.

New Advertisements.

OPPOSITE THE POST OFFICE.

WILSON'S

Large Stock of

SUMMER CLOTHING,

NEEDS LITTLE ADVERTISING,

As on inspection it is found to combine

All the Newest Styles and Patterns

WITH GOOD QUALITY & LOW PRICES!

A. B. CRAY,

Government Street.

Has received by last Steamer a choice and complete assortment of Staple and Fancy Dry Goods, comprising,

New

SUMMER

Goods

Black and Fancy Silks,
Irish Poplins,
French Merinoes,
Fancy Dress Goods,
Abyssinian Cloths,
Glance and Alpaca Lustres,
Spanish and Pusher Shawls,
Paisley and Rich Broche Shawls,
Silk Jackets and Mantles,
Prints and Gingham,
Parasols and Sunshades,
Gloves and Hosiery,
Ladies' Underclothing,
Children's ditto,
Hats, Trimmings, &c.

New Goods received monthly overland, direct from the best European markets.

F. DALLY

Desires to inform the Inhabitants of Victoria and its vicinity, that he has returned from the Upper Country with a Choice Collection of

New Photographic Views

OF
Mountain Scenery and other highly interesting Subjects.

CARTES DE VISITE, GROUPS,

And Views taken with the greatest care and in the best style of Photographic Art, and warranted to give satisfaction.

The Gallery is situated on Fort street, VICTORIA, B. C. m17 5md4w

PANDORA HOUSE

Adjoining the Synagogue, Pandora St.

SINGLE GENTLEMEN COMFORTABLY accommodated with Board and Lodging, or Board only.

Terms Moderate.

Jy12 1m

To the Public.

PARIS CARTER CAN BE FOUND AT the office of Mr. FRANKLIN, Auctioneer, Yates st., and will carefully and promptly attend to all matters entrusted to him, such as carriage and delivery of Letters, Parcels, etc., or taking charge of property or places of business.

Residence—PANDORA ST., near St. Louis College. Jy5

MUNICIPAL.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT the Nomination for a Councilor to serve in the James Bay Ward during the present Municipal year will take place on THURSDAY, the 29th inst., at 12 O'CLOCK NOON, in front of the Police Barracks and the poll, if any, will take place on the day following at the office of Mr. F. W. Green, Broughton street. The Poll will be kept open between the hours of 8 o'clock a.m., and 4 o'clock p.m.

By order of the Mayor, WM. LEIGH, C. M. C.
City Council Chambers, Broad st., Victoria, B. C., July 21, 1869. Jy22

RE-OPENING.

MISS MILLS WILL RE-OPEN HER SCHOOL, corner Douglas and View streets, on Monday, the 24th August next. Jy19 1w

AGRICULTURAL AND HORTICULTURAL SOCIETY,

A GENERAL MEETING OF THE SUB-scribers to this Society will be held at Smith's Hall, Government street, on Monday next, the 26th inst., at 11 o'clock a.m., for the purpose of electing officers and transacting other business.

Jy 19 J. CHESTNEY RALES Hon. Secretary.

LADIES' REPOSITORY.

Mrs. McGee,

Fort Street near Broad, Victoria, B. C.

BEGS TO INFORM THE LADIES OF Victoria that she intends to keep a Stock of
Ladies' and Children's Goods in Great Variety.

Latest Styles of Boys and Infants Hats and Caps by Inst. Express.

SEWING MACHINE WORK DONE—
Stamping, Binding and Embroidering neatly executed. She trusts to receive a share of Public Favor.

Jy27 1m



F. S. BUSHELL,

Pianoforte Tuner & Regulator

JOHNSON STREET.

Victoria, B. C. mY20 6m

SEVENTH INDUSTRIAL EXHIBITION

OF THE
MECHANICS' INSTITUTE.

OF THE
CITY OF SAN FRANCISCO.

Will be Open to the Public at 11 a.m. 14th September, 1869.

THE BOARD OF MANAGERS announce that the Seventh Industrial Exhibition will be open as above, in the spacious Exhibition Building erected on Union Square, in the City of San Francisco, and no pains will be spared to make it complete in all its details.

The Building is water-proof, well ventilated, and lighted (at night) by 1500 gas jets; it is provided with tables for exhibitors' use, and has a line of shafting 200 feet long, provided with necessary pulleys and ample steam power to exhibit working machinery, and covers an area of 90,000 feet.

The lines of telegraph wires will be connected in the building, where, also, will be the Postoffice and Express Companies boxes. A fine Band will discourse music every evening and afternoon, and the visitor will find ample provision for his comfort in every particular.

The various Hotels are making extensive preparation to accommodate visitors at moderate rates during the Exhibition season; and the Board of Managers will, through an agent, extend all information to strangers seeking accommodations during their stay in the city at that period.

There is no charge to exhibitors (except ticket of admission) and exhibitors are notified that applications for space must be received before August 25th, or space cannot be definitely assigned.

Articles intended for exhibition must be in the building by Saturday, 18th September, and no article can enter for competition unless in position by that time.

Rules and Regulations, Circulars and Plans will be forwarded on application at the rooms of the Mechanics' Institute, 29 Post street, San Francisco, or by addressing J. H. GILMORE, Corresponding Secretary, same address.

Articles from the country must be marked distinctly, "For the Seventh Industrial Exhibition, San Francisco, California." Care J. H. Gilmore, Corresponding Secretary. Jy21 5d4w

MRS. E. A. CLARK,

LADIES' REPOSITORY FOR FANCY GOODS,

FORT ST. NEAR GOVERNMENT.

BERLIN WOOLS, CHOICE SELF ON RE-ceived by every steamer
Embroidery, Crochet, Plain Sewing and Stamping executed at short notice Jy25

THEATRE

Photographic Gallery,

OVER THE THEATRE.

THE UNDERSIGNED RESPECTFULLY informs his friends and the public that this Old Established Gallery is now conducted by him, and that no effort will be spared to give entire satisfaction to his Patrons in any branch of the Art. But special attention will be given to

CARTES DE VISITES
AND
MINIATURE PORTRAITS.

For BROCHURES or LOCKETS (colored or plain) for which this Gallery has always been celebrated.

THE SOLAR CAMERA

Belonging to this Gallery, is admitted to be unsurpassed for making Large sized Pictures, true to life.

A large and splendid collection of negatives, from which Cartes may be obtained at a great reduction on the present prices.

Jy-2 J. AUGUSTUS CRAIG.

Ex California Steamers!

FOR SALE
ORANGES, LEMONS, LINES,
And all kinds of Fresh and Dried Fruits.

—ALSO—
An assortment of
GROceries, DRY GOODS, BOOTS, SHOES, &c.
BY
SIDNEY PITTS,
Commission Merchant,
Wharf street, Cor. Fort.

S. P. begs to inform the Traders of British Columbia and the Sound that orders placed in his hands for American Merchandise will receive prompt attention.

Consignments of California Fruits received by each steamer. Jy10 1m

THE BRITISH COLONIST.
Monday Morning, July 26, 1869.

Shipping Intelligence.
PORT OF VICTORIA, BRITISH COLUMBIA.

ENTERED.
July 24.—Ship Morrill, Meyer, Port Townsend
Star Wilson G Hunt, Wall, Nanaimo
Ship Leonado, Thornton, San Juan
Ship H M Hutchinson, —, Port Townsend

CLEARED.
July 24.—Ship Leonado, Thornton, San Juan
Ship Lady Franklin, Pritchard, San Juan
Star Morrill, Meyer, Port Townsend
Star Wilson G Hunt, Wall, Port Townsend

DIED.
At New Westminster, on the 18th inst., George B. J. Armstrong, aged six months, son of W. J. Strong, Esq., J. P.

MARRIED.
In Lima, on the 3d June, by H. M. Consul General of Peru, Senor Don J. A. Perez de Larrea y Matilla, Robertson, third daughter of Mrs. T. B. Hall, of this city. Glasgow papers please copy.

The Pic-Nic.
The Annual Pic-nic for the benefit of the charitable fund of the Victoria Fire Department was, as it should be for the credit of the city, perfectly successful. The Firemen from the different companies assembled at the Delage Company's Engine House at one o'clock on Saturday afternoon, and from thence marched with their fine band to the beautiful piece of ground known as Medina's Grave; than which no better place could have been chosen for the purpose. Arrived at the ground, the agile fellows were soon everywhere exerting themselves to make the arrangements as complete as possible for the reception of visitors, and we may safely say that arrangements of the kind were never more perfect at such entertainments than on Saturday last. The platform for dancing was an improvement upon any that we have seen devoted to Terpsichorean enjoyment, in being nicely covered with an awning, to which variegated lamps were hung, the latter when lighted producing quite a fine effect. The band was also quite superior to some we have had the misfortune to listen to lately, and aided in a great measure to make the affair a real scene of enjoyment. We noticed among those on the ground the Administrator of the Government, Chief Justice Needham, Mrs. Needham, Miss Needham, Sir James Douglas and daughter, Captains Edge and Mist, Royal Navy, and other prominent persons. The games were productive of some remarkable feats of muscular prowess, and the races created great fun, our worthy Mayor and His Honor the Chief Justice distinguishing themselves to the great delight of their lusty competitors, in the various exercises, although neither of the former gentlemen carried off a prize. The refreshments were provided by McNicoll and Piper in their several departments, and of course those names are sufficient guarantees for the excellence of the materials provided. In the evening a number of the more matured, in company with the juvenile portion of the visitors, betook themselves to their homes, leaving the stage clear for the young people of both sexes, who continued to turn the fleeting hours to profitable account until midnight warned them to desist. The Firemen's pic-nic will impress our citizens with the fact that these useful members of society are not to be beaten at anything.

The following is a list of the games and prizes:—

STANDING JUMP.
1st Prize, Zeigler distance 10ft 5inches
2nd " J Madden " 10 4

RUNNING HIGH JUMP.
1st Prize, Crookford height 4ft 2inches
2nd " Fisher " "

PUTTING LIGHT STONE.
1st Prize, Kennedy distance 26ft 9inches
2nd " Humber " 25 8

PUTTING HEAVY STONE.
1st Prize, Kennedy distance 19ft
2nd " J Madden " 18 6in

TOSING THE CAULDR.
1st Prize, Kennedy distance 21ft 5inches
2nd " Page " 20

THROWING LIGHT HAMMER.
1st Prize, Robertson distance 94ft
2nd " Wilson " 62 10in

THROWING HEAVY HAMMER.
1st Prize, Robertson distance 57ft 3inches
2nd " Kennedy " 51 9

FOOT RACE, 300 YARDS.
1st Prize, Zeigler; 2nd Prize, Louis.

In this race His Hon. Chief Justice Needham ran the full 300 yards and contested stoutly for the laurel.

BOYS' RACE.
1st Prize, Durham; 2nd Prize, Harris.

BACK RACE, 100 YARDS.
1st Prize, Currie; 2nd, Baker.

A Lieutenant of H. M. S. Satellite and Mr. Fell, made an attempt at this race, but the maladresse of the first and the ponderous weight of the latter left them far behind.

BLIND RACE, 100 YARDS.
1st Prize, Norris; 2nd, Currie.

NAVAL ITEMS.—H.M.S. Zealous, after leaving Payte, Peru, under steam for Callao, encountered a heavy gale and was three days in making 100 miles; falling short of coal, she put back under sail to Payte, where H.M.S. Ringdove, Reindeer, Charybdis and Boxer were inspected by Admiral Hastings, and the Charybdis and Boxer sailed immediately for this station.... The Cameleon is expected here hourly; the Boxer and Charybdis in the course of a fortnight or three weeks.... H.M.S. Satellite will be sent off to sail from this station shortly after the arrival of the Cameleon, and will go for home in a twelvemonth with the flying squadron.... The Scylla, now attached to the flying squadron, will remain on this station.

It is said the Governorship of this Colony was offered to Mr. Dallas, H. B. Co., before Mr. Musgrave was selected.

THE SEWARD PARTY reached Nanaimo on Friday (after having made the round of the Sound and being well received at every port) They were received by Messrs Spalding, Bate and Bryden. In the evening, on board the steamer Wilson G Hunt, the party were entertained at dinner, at which Mr Seward and other gentlemen made short speeches eulogizing the geographical position of Puget Sound and prophesying for it a great future. Mr Seward proposed the health of the Queen, the sovereign lady of Great Britain. Dr Franklin proposed the health of the President of the United States, which was responded to by Mr Consul Francis who also toasted Mr Seward. During the day Mr Seward visited the works of the Nanaimo Coal Company, descending into the pit and expressing himself greatly pleased with what he saw there. The party went on board the Active on Friday night, and sailed for Si'ka on the following morning. The Hunt sailed for Victoria on Saturday morning, and made the quickest time on record between the two ports—five hours and ten minutes.

LOCAL BRIEVITIES.—The steamers Enterprise and Sir James Douglas arrived on Saturday. From New Westminster we learn that forest fires prevail to a great extent along the banks of the Fraser. From the East Coast there is no news except the arrival and departure of Mr Seward and party.... The telegraph cable has rewarded the repairs by breaking in two, both ends going overboard. There must be some chemical agent in the vicinity of the disputed islands that corrodes or rots the cable; or perhaps the frequent breaking of the cable is Nature's protest against annexation. Very likely.... Fine fat salmon from the Fraser were sold on Hudson Bay Co's wharf, on Saturday, at \$1 per doz! If the tilling, half starved millions of Europe had but the chance!.... The legal gentlemen of this city have formed a Law Society and elected Hon. Mr. King President; Hon. Mr. Drake Vice President; and J. F. McCroight, Esq., Treasurer.... The steamship Moses Taylor sailed for San Francisco at 10 45 o'clock on Saturday morning. The last man (there's always a last man) went tearing along Esquimalt road about ten minutes after the steamer had passed Figuard Light, and of course remains behind.

SOUTH SAANICH.—The bay crop is all in and is a heavy one. The barley is being harvested; the yield is light. C. ot crops, generally, are a failure for want of rain. The wheat looks poor and thin. Fires are raging on the East and West roads, and the corduroy near Simpson's is burning, and the road has sunk three feet. The road party are encamped about half-a-mile from the corduroy, and the road will be repaired to day. A fine bridge has been built at Sandy Hill. The bridge and grading are creditable to Mr Titus the contractor.

A Low Truck.—Several horses were denuded of bridles while their owners were enjoying themselves at the pic-nic. In one instance, an unknown scalliwag stole the reins and bridle from a horse, leaving the remainder of the harness intact. It must be a mean, low spirit that dictates tricks of this character, and whether the articles were taken in joke or earnest, the parties, when discovered, ought to be punished.

THE CAMP MEETING.—About 350 Indian gentlemen and children have congregated at Maple Bay for the purpose of taking part in the Wesleyan Camp Meeting. They came from Victoria, Nanaimo, New Westminster, and the country districts; Nanaimo sent 40 to the scene. Tents are erected in the woods for the accommodation of the worshippers, and religious exercises are held at stated periods of the day.

THE BARCLAY SOUND MURDERERS.—These doomed men will be placed on board H. M. S. Sparrowhawk to-day, conveyed to the spot where the blood of their victims cries aloud for vengeance, and there hanged in the presence of the whole tribe. A detachment of marines from H. M. S. Satellite, under Lieut. Wright, will accompany the expedition to preserve order.

EXECUTION.—Yesterday, the murderer of Wm. Robinson, was hanged Saturday in front of the police barracks. The condemned man made an effort to address his people, who pressed around the gallows; but his voice was choked and his sentences unintelligible. He was hanged shortly after 7 o'clock and seemed to suffer little or no pain. The lesson will prove a salutary one to the Indians.

The name of the late U. S. Revenue Cutter Joe Lane has been changed to H. M. Hutchinson (head of the firm of Hutchinson, Kohl & Co.) She is a beautiful little vessel and came over on Saturday. Mr. Joseph Roscowitz, the purchaser, advises that she will have immediate dispatch for San Francisco, carrying freight and passengers.

FIRE BUCKETS.—Mr. William Dalby, of Yates street, is making from Island leather a dozen fire-buckets for the use of the Hook & Ladder Co. These buckets will be extremely useful in the hands of the truckmen in holding fires in check until the arrival of the engines.

The stench on Yates street, between Langley and Government, is perfectly overpowering. Passers by, to escape suffocation, hold their noses and hurry on as if the place were plague-stricken. When do the Sanitary Committee commence operations?

BUY IT AND TRY IT.—Russell's celebrated coffee. The best on the C. ast. Warranted a pure and healthful beverage.

Why is half-past seven o'clock in the evening like next morning's breakfast? Only because it isn't eight yet.

RETURNING OFFICER.—Hon. A. T. Bushby has been appointed returning officer for the ensuing New Westminster Municipal Council election.

The Moses Taylor's freight was brought from Esquimalt by the steamer Otter. It comprises about 175 tons of general merchandise.

The U. S. S. Pensacola is daily expected to arrive here from San Francisco. We are unable to state her day of sailing from that port.

This decision of the Chief Justice in the suit of Duvosol vs. the B. C. & V. I. Mill Co. is expected to-day.

The Gussie Tellair probably connected with the Pacific from San Francisco at Astoria on Sunday.

British Columbia.
From the Montreal Gazette.

We have received a letter from a well informed correspondent at Victoria, British Columbia, under date June 3d, from which we make the following extract:—"I have not written for some time, for the simple reason that nothing has occurred worth writing about for many months past—everything being unutterably dull. So little rain or snow has fallen this winter in the mining country that it is feared the mining operations will be materially checked. Agriculture, however, has made rapid strides during the past years, but there is ample room for further enterprise, even without a protective tariff, so long as we are obliged to send out of the colony nearly half a million dollars per annum for the purchase of farm produce from Oregon and California. The Legislature recently passed a very liberal mining law, doing away with all leases and governmental restrictions, and giving a grant of the land necessary on proof of bona fide working. Capital is in San Francisco have turned their attention to the matter, and have invested in coal mines on the island. The question of confederation will come up again during the next session of the council. In the last session there was a majority against the scheme of two to one—principally gained by the votes of official members. Unless the Imperial Government express their opinion in favor of the Governor here, I fear the official vote will go against the measure for another year. The farming interest is afraid of the almost free trade in grain, &c., which will be the result of the Canadian Customs prevailing here. But in one thing all are agreed, that the present system of government is unbecomingly us." Our correspondent adds that he himself is in favor of Confederation, if fair and reasonable terms can be obtained.

If the Dominion is ever to hold rank as a northern nation it must stretch across the continent and have access to the Pacific ocean. The thick settlement of the fertile belt in the newly acquired territory will have a most powerful influence on this question—in fact will determine it, as for a very important commerce, the Pacific will be its natural sea-board.

That there will be, and that in the immediate future, a dense population settled on the fertile lands and in the favorable climate of the North West is not a question which, in our minds at least, admits of a doubt; and things move very quickly in these days on this continent. In this view, the great coal deposits at Vancouver Island and Nova Scotia, the termini of the shortest and, for many reasons, the best railroad line across the continent, with magnificent ports upon both the oceans, upon the most favorable line of travel between the east and the west of the hemisphere, seem to point at some future day to a great commerce, which will pass through Montreal. A thick population of the Red River territory would settle the question of the railway. And the deposits of coal at the points we have named, and its large quantities in the centre of the continent would seem as if foreordained of Providence to settle the question of motive power.

These are the dreams of the future. We cannot say how soon the facts will come. The physical and climatic conditions are there, but the energy of man is yet to be found. And we have in the immediate present to deal with what is. This, from all accounts we have been able to gather, in Vancouver Island is not in the most satisfactory state. The Government and Legislative body are, we understand, mostly composed of official persons, without much responsibility to the people, while they consume a considerable portion of the revenue, which is high for the population. They, it appears from the letter of our correspondent, are not willing to change, for them, the pleasant state of things; while we have heard from another source that a considerable portion of the people would be glad of annexation to escape from the thralldom.

There comes another practical question and that is communication by roads. We believe one good road has been, is a great part constructed, on the British Columbia side; and the Canadian Government are going to make a summer road to the Red River territory. The progress of population will have to determine the question of further development of communication.

Whatever may be the means taken it is greatly important that British Columbia should act in unison with the Dominion, and unless there is some question if the Colonies on the Pacific will remain British; and this, we repeat, would be a serious if not a fatal blow to the future independence of the Dominion. It is in this view that the question of arrangement between the Dominion and the Pacific coast assumes its present importance.

SIGN OF THE TIMES.—Chicanery appeared at a reception of the travelling committee of Congress in San Francisco recently, and one of them made a speech on behalf of his countrymen, just as our adopted citizens from Europe do on the Atlantic slope. He complained of the unjust laws of California, and expressed his satisfaction with the national treaty, but waited the protection it promised. California will have to give up that point of State right by and bye.—*Eastern paper.*

Here is a bit of French philosophy. It is set down to the credit of Alexandre Dumas, fils.: "Walk two hours every day. Sleep seven hours every night. Get up as soon as you wake. Speak only when necessary, and say only half what you think. Don't write anything but what you can sign. Think neither too much nor too little of money; it is a good servant but a bad master. Beware of women before you are twenty. Avoid them after you are forty."

Sir Robert Clifton, who died recently in England, had £250,000 insurance on his life. Most of the policies were held as security for advances made the deceased.

THE JEWS.—The Jews are an exception to the general laws which seem to govern the history of people. Like individuals, nations are born, become developed, reach a maturity of grandeur and strength, decay, die and disappear, leaving only their tombs, crumbling monuments and mutilated records behind to tell succeeding generations that they had lived at all. The Jew is an exception. He does not decay, and he refuses to die. He has endured enough suffering to have destroyed every atom of life in half a dozen other nations—and yet he survives still. He has gone through the furnace of persecution, heated seven times hotter, in nearly every land on the globe, and nearly every century of historic times; and he remains unbumbled, unsubdued, unbroken—the same everlasting Jew, with the same virtues and the same vices he had four thousand years ago. His persecutions have not supplanted his stiff neck nor dimmed his eyes nor abated his natural force. He has been scattered and periled, until he exists only in mutilated fragments; but those fragments are animated in a unity which continues to be vital and indissoluble throughout. There is a solemn grandeur in the tremendous sweep of vision which the Jew takes of the course of time. He has seen the four great empires of the world flourish and fall. He has seen Egypt and Babylon, and Greece and Rome, in their splendor and their pride; and he lives to look and see them no more. Old ages, empires and systems have sprung up to find him here before them, watching their progress and bidding fair to be here still, after they too have gone. He has no country, no living language; he resides in all lands and speaks all languages. There are German Jews, French Jews, Bohemian, Polish, Spanish, English and American Jews, and black Jews of Malabar; but they all belong to one stock—they are all Jews and Jews only. They are as ancient as history, but possess a youth that is indestructible—a strange, mysterious people, not addicted to great achievements heroic chiefly in endurance—patient without being amiable, or always just—not warlike, but outliving successful nations of conquerors—an ethnological miracle, which men are never weary of studying and which grows in interest with the ages.—*St. Louis Home Journal.*

Society and Fashion.
Buff and brown linen dresses are still in favor.

The Watteau, in all its varied forms, is still regarded with favor.

Stripes prevail in every material, from rich silks to plain gingham.

Pongee dresses are trimmed with velvet of a color to contrast with the dress.

White muslin aprons with colored ribbon under the hem, are very pretty for little girls.

The train, it is authoritatively stated, is shorter, being only one yard long for ceremonious occasions.

Guipure and lama lace sashes are worn over silk dresses; so are lace shawls arranged as mantillas.

The most noticeable feature this summer is the preponderance of black and white dresses both for home and street wear.

A new style of skirt called the "round," is now fashionable. It is a compromise between the short dress and traile skirt. It has no train, but it is longer than a walking dress.

White muslin waists are no longer made with bows, but have a running string which fastens around the waist. The belt of the skirt covers the casing and keeps the waist in its place.

Mlle. Marcowitch, is the most dashing of the queens of the Paris demi-monde. She appeared at the races in the Bois in a toilette of light salmon color, covered with lace, riding in a coup lined with sky blue silk.

A gentleman, in the course of a journey in the West, one day suddenly deserted a country tavern in the porch of which sat one of the oldest white-haired men he had ever seen, crying like a child. In answer to an enquiry as to the cause, he sobbed out: "My father has just kicked me." Upon entering the bar-room the traveler discovered another and much older man behind the bar, whom he addressed: "You seem to have some trouble here, stranger. Your son informs me that you have whipped him." "Yes," rejoined the landlord, excitedly, "I could not avoid it. The young rascal was chasing his grandfather round a ten-acre lot and stoning him. I had to interfere, stranger."

FRANCE.—The alarming condition of affairs among the working classes throughout the Empire is attracting serious attention. In Lyons the factory men are working on four hours' time—there is no trade of any kind, and disturbances are of frequent occurrence. Gangs of men prowled about the streets assaulting citizens, breaking shop-windows, smashing gas-lights and plundering stores. Universal dissatisfaction reigns throughout the entire section of country.

CHARLES DESSUCHER. Late of New Orleans, dying, left valuable property to his heir, then in France. A clever fellow personated the legatee, and lived, and recently died in possession of the estate, leaving it to children of his own. Meantime the children of the first defrauded possessor, who is dead, sue for the property, and the one point of right is waiting against the nine points of law with great vigor.

An old negro, applying for a coffin at Evansville, Ind., June 30th to bury his child, aged three months, said that he was 106 years old, and his wife 20. He claimed to have known nearly all the revolutionary, generals, and to have been at the battle of New Orleans.

The other day, a white man, a fisherman residing on the Ogeechee Canal, some ten or twelve miles from Savannah, Georgia, sold his wife to another fisherman (white) for 60 bunches of fish, valued at 50 cents per bunch. The wife was perfectly satisfied at the sale, and is now living with her purchaser.

An Episcopal clergyman of Chicago recently preached a communion service on the duty of receiving the bread with hands crossed, and of carrying it to the lips without touching it with the finger.

MADAME LA GRANGE. so well known to American audiences, is in Paris, living in the quiet retirement of domestic life. She has definitely quitted the stage and does not expect to sing again in public.

YOUNG WALEWSKI. son of Madame Rachel and Count Walewski, has been appointed Secretary of the French Legation at London.

When Cesar was asked by Brutus how many eggs he had eaten for breakfast he answered "Etu, Brutus."

One of the most Brilliant Beauties
Among the fashionable throng at Saratoga Springs, in the summer of 1860, declared to a friend, that she ascribed the beautiful clearness and richness of her complexion more to the use, in the bath, of MURRAY & LANE'S FLORENCE WATER, than to drinking the water of the springs.

Beware of the pernicious counterfeits; always ask for the Florida Water prepared by the sole proprietors, Lauman & Kemp, New York.

Boils, Pustules, Blisters and Humor
Are all evidences of bad blood, and no matter what medicines are taken, if they do not purify the blood they cannot cure the disease. Bristol's Sarsaparilla is the safest, the surest, and the best of all blood purifiers. It has been tried for 30 years, and always successfully. A few doses of Bristol's Sarsaparilla, taken at same time, will greatly hasten a cure.

CHEAP SHAVING.—Having recovered his health, Fred Payne's shop is again open to the public. Prices as before.

Auction Sales
Lumley Franklin,
AUCTIONEER, COMMISSION & REAL ESTATE AGENT
Begs to announce that he has taken the Fireproof Brick Building in Yates street, opposite Messrs. Wells, Fargo & Co.'s Express office. Having had eleven years' experience in the auction business, he respectfully solicits a renewal of public support.

AUCTION
SALE OF GROCERIES!
Fraser River Salmon in cks and tins, Invoice of Hardware, Forges, Circular Saw, &c. Superior Fire-proof Safe, &c.

LUMLEY FRANKLIN
Is instructed to sell on
Thursday, July 29th,
AT HIS SALESROOM, YATES ST
AT 11 O'CLOCK, A. M.,
An assortment of
Groceries, Sugars, Currants, Salt, Pickles, Sauces, &c.
—ALSO—
100 cs Chemical Olive Soap
—ALSO—
Superior Lot of Salmon, in tins and casks,
—ALSO—
An Invoice of Hand Saws, Carpenter's Tools, Portable Forges, Anvils, Hammers, Pit and Cross-cut Saws, Planes, Half Round Bastid, Flat, Saw, Topping and other Files, Chisels, Gouges and Augurs. Various kinds Axes, Smith's Tongs, &c., &c.
—ALSO—
A Superior Fire-proof Safe
—ALSO—
3 chests of Photographic and Personal Effects.

jr26 LUMLEY FRANKLIN, Auctioneer.

AUCTION.
Preliminary Notice.
Important Sale of Balance of wholesale stock Tobacco, Cigars, Pipes Cigaritas, Matches, &c.
LUMLEY FRANKLIN
Has been instructed by
MESSRS. L. AND J. BOSCHOWITZ,
To sell at their store, Yates street, near Wharf street, on
Tuesday, July 27th,
AT ELEVEN O'CLOCK, A. M.,
The balance of their Stock, consisting in part of:
TOBACCO, various brands,
CIGARS, various brands
GARCIA CIGARITAS
Ac'd Fancy Wooden and other PIPES
MATCHES, Etc., Etc.
Particulars in details hereafter.

jr15 LUMLEY FRANKLIN, Auctioneer.

New Advertisements.
J. P. Davies & Co
AUCTIONEERS AND COMMISSION MERCHANTS. Salesroom Fireproof Stone Building, Wharf Street near Yates.
Cash advances made on Consignments.

Buy It and Try It!
RUSSELL'S PURE COFFEE!!
NO CHICORY!
NO BEANS!
NO ADULTERATION!
THOMAS RUSSELL, GROCER AND Coffee Roaster, keeps constantly on hand choice Family Groceries, Meats and Provisions. FARMER'S PRODUCE taken in exchange. COR. FORT AND CLANCHARD STS. jk23

Forwarding Notice
J. C. BEEDY
IS PREPARED TO UNDERTAKE THE prompt Forwarding of Freight from Yale to Cariboo, and will have Teams in readiness to transport Merchandise from Quesnelmouth to Williams Creek. He will not hold himself responsible for Damage on Oils or Liquids shipped in tin or glass, or for unavailing detention caused by breakage of Bridges, Roadblocks, or any other contingency beyond his control, unless by special contract made in writing in respect of such goods at the time of shipment.

Yale, May 14th, 1869. J. C. BEEDY. my17 3m

WALTHAM WATCHES.
The extensive use of these watches for the last fifteen years by Railway Conductors, Engineers, and Expressmen, the most exacting of watch-wearers, has thoroughly demonstrated the strength, steadiness, durability and accuracy of the Waltham Watch. To satisfy that class in all these respects, is to decide the question as to the real value of these time-keepers.

More than 400,000 of these watches are now speaking for themselves in the pockets of the people—a proof and a guarantee of their superiority over others.

The superior organization and great extent of the Company's Works at Waltham, enable them to produce watches at a price which renders competition futile, and those who buy any other watch merely pay from 25 to 50 per cent. more for their watches than is necessary.

We are now selling Waltham Watches at less prices in greenbacks, than the gold prices before the war. There is no other manufacture of any kind in the United States of which this can be said.

These time-pieces combine every improvement that a long experience has proved of real practical use. Having had the refusal of nearly every invention in watchmaking originating in this country, or in Europe, only those were finally adopted which severe testing by the most skilful artisans in our works, and long use on the part of the public, demonstrated to be essential to correct and enduring time keeping.

Among the many improvements we would particularize:

The invention and use of a centre-pinion peculiar construction, to prevent damage to the train by the breakage of main springs, original with the American Watch Company, who, having had the refusal of all other contrivances, adopted Fogg's Patent pinion as being the best and faultless.

Hardened and tempered hair-springs, now universally admitted by Watchmakers to be the best, are used in all grades of Waltham Watches.

All Waltham Watches have dust-proof cap protecting the movement from dust, and lessening the necessity of the frequent cleaning necessary in other watches.

ROBBINS & APPLETON, Gen'l Agents,
mal3 182 Broadway, New York

CEDAR HILL SCHOOL DISTRICT.
NOTICE.
A MEETING OF THE INHABITANTS of this District will be held at 2 o'clock p.m. on SATURDAY the 24th inst., at Cedar Hill Church, to take steps towards opening a school and to devise ways and means for carrying it on.

BOUNDARY OF CEDAR HILL SCHOOL DISTRICT.
Commencing where the boundary line of section III, Victoria District, meets the salt water at Rock Bay; thence W and N along salt water to a point where the N W boundary line of section I, Victoria District, thence along the N boundary line of said section and in a direct line to the Saanich wharf; thence along said road to the boundary line between Lake and Victoria Districts; thence along a boundary line to salt water at Cordova Bay; thence S and E along the coast to the boundary line of the Victoria School District at Oak Bay; thence in a direct line West to Rock Bay

Cedar Hill, July 10, 1869 JOHN IRVINE, GEORGE DEANS.

jr12

Clean Your Chimneys.
BENJAMIN WAKEFIELD BEGS TO inform the Public of Victoria that, having had many years experience in Sweeping and Cleaning Chimneys, and preventing their smoking, he is prepared to execute all orders in that line, general work included. Orders left at Fell & Co's store on Fort Street, or at the third house East of the Bavaria Brewery, will be promptly attended to.

my13 3m

WALTHAM WATCHES.
The extensive use of these watches for the last fifteen years by Railway Conductors, Engineers, and Expressmen, the most exacting of watch-wearers, has thoroughly demonstrated the strength, steadiness, durability and accuracy of the Waltham Watch. To satisfy that class in all these respects, is to decide the question as to the real value of these time-keepers.

The superior organization and great extent of the Company's Works at Waltham, enable them to produce watches, COMBINING THE BEST AND LATEST IMPROVEMENT, and at a price which renders competition futile, and those who buy any other watch, merely pay from 25 to 50 per cent. more for their watches than is necessary.

For sale by all dealers.

No watches retailed by the Company.

ROBBINS & APPLETON, Gen'l Agents,
182 Broadway, New York.

The Trade supplied by
R. B. GRAY & Co, San Francisco Cal,

